

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/787,076	02/27/2004	Yoshizumi Ohta	OHTA4	5481
1444	7590 06/02/2006		EXAMINER	
BROWDY AND NEIMARK, P.L.L.C.			PENDLETON, DIONNE	
624 NINTH SUITE 300	624 NINTH STREET, NW SUITE 300			PAPER NUMBER
	ON, DC 20001-5303	2615		
			DATE MAILED: 06/02/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/787,076	OHTA, YOSHIZUMI				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Dionne H. Pendleton	2615				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	CRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAISIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim 11 apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 De	ecember 2005					
	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	4) Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 6-10</u> is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· -	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 6-10</u> is/are rejected.						
· ·	_						
	_						
Applicati	on Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the Examine	•					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119		7.6.1611 61 161111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
	•	priority under 25 H.S.C. \$ 440(a)	(d) or (f)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)د	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Λ#ach	(a)						
Attachment	(s) . e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO.413)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
3) 🔲 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	5)	atent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the at least one "deformed portion" of the cover member, which is inserted in the "concave portion" formed in the frame, i.e., an illustration of the connection of said parts, must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). Also, "deformed portion" must be clearly illustrated and labeled. No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner,

Art Unit: 2615

the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lee (US 6,895,099).

Regarding claim 1, in **figure 5**, Lee teaches a case for containing an electrical instrument, comprising: a frame **20** with a peripheral wall portion;

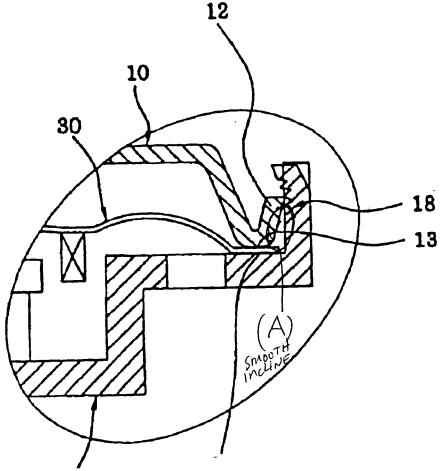
A cover member 10 having a peripheral wall portion 12 fitted on the wall portion of the frame 20 and configured to form a space for containing electrical instrument between the frame 20 and the cover member 10;

At least one hole **18** (each serration groove-18 is interpreted as providing "at least one hole" as claimed) provided in the peripheral wall portion of the frame **20**, reading on "provided in one of the peripheral wall portions of the frame and the cover member to fix the frame and the cover member; and

Art Unit: 2615

A protrusion **12** provided on the peripheral wall portions of the cover member, reading on "provided on the other of the peripheral wall portions of the frame and the cover member for being inserted in said hole",

Wherein the protrusion 12 (see figure, below, provided by the Examiner) has a smoothly inclined surface (A) to guide the protrusion into the hole 18 so that the protrusion 12 is inserted in the hole smoothly to fix the frame 20 and the cover member 10, as claimed.



Regarding claim 2, Lee teaches a vibrating plate **30** fixed to the frame and a magnetic circuit **40,50,60** attached on the frame to vibrate the plate.

Art Unit: 2615

3. Claims 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sugiyama et al. (US 6,513,623).

Regarding claim 7, in figure 1, Sugiyama teaches a frame 28 with a peripheral wall portion; a cover member 30 with a peripheral wall portion fitted on the frame 28, and configured for forming a space for containing the electrical instrument between the frame and cover member;

At least on "hole" in the peripheral wall portions of the cover member 30 (as discussed in column 5, lines 41-44);

Sugiyama illustrates **in figure 1**, that peripheral portion of the frame member **28** provides a protrusion for inserting within the hole **30b** of the cover member **30**;

In figure 8, Sugiyama teaches that at least one concave portion 28Bd is formed in the peripheral wall of the frame 28 (also see discussion of cut-away portion 28Bd, reading on "concave portion" in column 5, lines 57-61), and wherein a portion of the cover member 30 has at least one extended portion 30e which reads on "deformed portion", and wherein the deformed portion 30e is inserted in the concave portion 28Bd such that the frame 28 and cover 30 are locked.

Regarding claim 8, Lee teaches a vibrating plate 30 fixed to the frame and a magnetic circuit 40,50,60 attached on the frame to vibrate the plate.

Art Unit: 2615

Regarding claim 9, in column 5, lines 41-44 Sugiyama teaches a plurality of holes 30b and therefore a plurality of protrusions 28Ba for inserting with said holes, said protrusions and holes being spaced peripherally of said frame and cover member as shown in figure 2.

Regarding claim 10, Sugiyama teaches a micro-speaker (see column 4, line 23) comprising: as shown in figure 1, a frame 28; a sound generator including a vibrating plate 12, voice coil 16, yoke 28A, a magnet 20 fixed to the yoke, and top plate 22 fixed to the magnet; a cover member 30 attached to the frame and protecting the vibrating plate 12; in column 5, lines 41-44 teaches that a plurality of holes 30b are provided in the peripheral wall of the cover member 30; and figure 1 further illustrates that a plurality of projections 28Ba are provided on the peripheral wall portion of the frame, wherein the protrusions 28Ba are inserted into the holes 30B and the cover member 30 is fixed to the frame 28;

In figure 8, Sugiyama teaches that at least one concave portion 28Bd is formed in the peripheral wall of the frame 28 (also see discussion of cut-away portion 28Bd, reading on "concave portion" in column 5, lines 57-61), and wherein a portion of the cover member 30 has at least one extended portion 30e which reads on "deformed portion", and wherein the deformed portion 30e is inserted in the concave portion 28Bd such that the frame 28 and cover 30 are locked.

Art Unit: 2615

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 3 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee (US 6,895,099) in view of Azima (US 6,618,487).

Regarding claims 3 and 6, Lee teaches a frame (20), sound generator including a vibrating plate (30), voice coil (40), yoke (20), magnet (60) and top plate (50); and a cover member (10).

Lee does not clearly teach that the cover member is fixed on the frame by inserting *a plurality* of protrusions provided on the peripheral wall of the frame, into a plurality of holes provided in the cover member.

In **figure 2**, Azima teaches that cover member (6) may be connected to a lower frame portion (9) via protrusion member (12) provided in the frame (9), which joins with a recess or "hole" (21) which is provided in the cover portion (6); additionally, in **figures 4 and 8**, Azima teaches that *a plurality* of said connections may be provided.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Lee and Azima, providing an alternative means for connecting the cover to the lower frame member, so as to securely join the two parts of the magnetic motor assembly.

Response to Arguments

Art Unit: 2615

5. Applicant's arguments filed 12/30/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. As addressed in the above official Office Action, the Lee (US 6,895,099) reference is still held as anticipating the newly added limitation of "a protrusion [having] the smoothly inclined surface to guide easily the protrusion into the hole." The use of Lee (US 6,895,099) as prior art is therefore maintained.

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dionne Pendleton whose telephone number is 571-272-7497. The examiner can normally be reached on 9-5:30 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran can be reached on 571-272-7564. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Dionne Pendleton

PRIMARY EXAMINER